FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024 and 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

CONTENTS	Page No.
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Financial Positions	5
Statements of Activities	7
Statements of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10



OFFICES IN:

LOS ANGELES, CA IRVINE, CA SAN FRANCISCO, C, MONTGOMERY, AL AUBURN, AL ATLANTA, GA FORT LEE. NJ

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To Management and Board of Directors Good Neighbors Global Partnership Center Tustin, California

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Good Neighbors Global Partnership Center ("GPC") which comprise the statements of financial positions as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial positions of GPC as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of GPC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the GPC's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the GPC's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the GPC's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of
 time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Irvine, California

CKP, LLP

April 17, 2025

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITIONS December 31, 2024 and 2023

ASSETS

	2024		2023	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Inventories Other receivables Short-term investments Prepaid expenses	\$	16,243,201 317,996 17,000 - 176,005	\$	8,459,306 278,268 52,393 3,026,813 330,772
Total current assets		16,754,202		12,147,552
Non-current assets: Property and equipment, net Operating lease right-of-use assets, net Pension assets Lease deposit		1,467,077 48,807 84,501 41,903		1,483,554 95,526 73,751 42,711
Total non-current assets		1,642,288		1,695,542
Total assets	\$	18,396,490	\$	13,843,094

(Continued)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITIONS December 31, 2024 and 2023

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	2024		2023	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$	10,456 50,269 48,807	\$	58,202 34,833 56,515
Current portion of loan payable Payroll tax payable		19,177 1,978		19,177
Total current liabilities		130,687		168,727
Non-current liabilities: Loan payable, net of current portion Operating lease, net of current portion		847,311		867,338 39,011
Total non-current liabilities		847,311		906,349
Total liabilities		977,998		1,075,076
Net assets: Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions		15,955,940 1,462,552		12,768,018
Total net assets		17,418,492		12,768,018
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	\$18,396,490	\$	13,843,094

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

		2024			2023	
	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Operating revenues:						
General funds	\$ 65,946,495	\$ 1,462,552	\$ 67,409,047	\$ 69,093,707	\$ -	\$ 69,093,707
Government grants	4,854,895		4,854,895	6,238,799		6,238,799
Total operating revenues	70,801,390	1,462,552	72,263,942	75,332,506	-	75,332,506
Operating expenses:						
Program expenses: International child & community						
development:						
Africa	22,999,232	-	22,999,232	23,155,277	-	23,155,277
Eastern Asia	15,807,409	-	15,807,409	20,621,628	-	20,621,628
Western Asia	13,172,462	-	13,172,462	15,359,827	-	15,359,827
Europe	592, 4 62	-	592,462	894,413	-	894,413
Latin America	8,189,326	-	8,189,326	9,997,840	-	9,997,840
Total international child & community						
development	60,760,891	-	60,760,891	70,028,985	-	70,028,985
Emergency relief / Humanitarian						
assistance	808,516	-	808,516	2,313,901	-	2,313,901
Social economy consultation	1,842,330	-	1,842,330	1,844,388	-	1,844,388
Fundraising support	2,305,762		2,305,762	1,916,574		1,916,574
Global partnership development:						
Global strategy development	34,949	-	34,949	89,779	-	89,779
Coordination for global governance	18,616	-	18,616	24,096	-	24,096
Partnership countries support	16,210	-	16,210	59,763	-	59,763
Global marketing	26,410	-	26,410	1,783	-	1,783
Network	55,301	-	55,301	8,771	-	8,771
Total global partnership development	151,486		151,486	184,192	_	184,192
Total program expenses	65,868,985	-	65,868,985	76,288,040	-	76,288,040

See accompanying auditors' report and notes to financial statements

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Support services:						
Management and general	2,404,485		2,404,485	1,458,254		1,458,254
Total support services	2 404 495		2,404,485	1 450 254		1,458,254
Total support services	2,404,485		2,707,703	1,458,254		1,730,237
Total operating expenses	68,273,470		68,273,470	77,746,294		77,746,294
Change in net assets from operations	2,527,920	1,462,552	3,990,472	(2,413,788)	-	(2,413,788)
Non-operating income (expense):						
Other income, net	652,371	_	652,371	230,855	_	230,855
Foreign currency transactions, net	7,631	_	7,631	18,214	_	18,214
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Total non-operating, net	660,002		660,002	249,069		249,069
Change in not accept	2 107 022	1 462 552	4 650 474	(2.164.710)		(2.164.710)
Change in net assets	3,187,922	1,462,552	4,650,474	(2,164,719)	-	(2,164,719)
Net assets, beginning of year	12,768,018	-	12,768,018	14,932,737	_	14,932,737
, 3 3 7 7 2						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net assets, end of year	\$ 15,955,940	\$ 1,462,552	\$ 17,418,492	\$ 12,768,018	\$ -	\$ 12,768,018

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	_	2024	_	2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Change in net assets	\$	4,650,474	\$	(2,164,719)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments Depreciation Other expense Operating lease right-of-use assets Operating lease liabilities		(42,474) 16,477 - 71,328 (71,328)		16,434 120,000 116,338 (116,338)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Inventories Other receivables Prepaid expenses Pension assets Leased deposit Accounts payable Accrued expenses Payroll tax payable	_	(39,728) 35,393 154,767 (10,750) 808 (47,746) 15,436 1,978	_	(234,708) (32,806) (330,772) 33,606 (12,397) 41,824 16,350 (3,602)
Total adjustments	_	84,161		(386,071)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,734,635		(2,550,790)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of investments Proceeds from investments		- 3,069,287		(3,026,813)
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities		3,069,287		(3,026,813)
Cash flows from Financing Activities: Principal payment on long-term debt		(20,027)		(19,177)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(20,027)	_	(19,177)
Net cash increase (decrease) in cash		7,783,895		(5,596,780)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		8,459,306		14,056,086
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ <u></u>	16,243,201	\$_	8,459,306
Supplemental Disclosures: Cash paid for interest Lease liabilities arising from right-of-use assets	\$ <u>_</u> \$ <u></u>	43,707 24,609	\$ <u>_</u>	44,557 110,804

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1 - Organization and Programs

Good Neighbors Global Partnership Center ("GPC" or the "Organization") is a non-governmental organization incorporated under the laws of the State of California.

GPC is to facilitate central coordination among support countries and field countries under the Good Neighbors ("GN") Partnership Covenant and MOU around the world, in furthering their mission in international humanitarian to establish children's education, community development, and emergency relief projects in more than 40 countries.

GN respects the human rights of our neighbors suffering from poverty, disasters, and oppression, and helps them to achieve self-reliance and enable them to rebuild their hope.

GPC is an international organization committed to making the world a place without hunger, where people live together in harmony. GPC provides coordination among country members, allocation of consolidated grants, development of global partnership policies, and networks with international organizations and donor agencies in order for effective field operation support.

GPC is located in Tustin, California, and has a branch in Seoul, Korea.

Program Services

International Child & Community Development Program - The program aims to foster self-reliance for individuals affected by poverty and discrimination through the implementation of sustainable development initiatives. This program encompasses 207 community development projects across various nations, each aimed at empowering local populations via social and economic development activities. These activities are concentrated in key sectors such as education, health, water and sanitation, and income generation, with the goal of transforming communities and eradicating the cycle of poverty. The program provides essential support to children while promoting sustainable community development practices. This initiative ensures the protection of every child's fundamental right to survival, protection, development, and participation, thereby fostering long-term sustainability within the community.

Emergency Relief / Humanitarian Assistance - The program focused on emergency response to natural disasters and conflict-induced crises, delivering critical relief, including food, shelter, medical aid, and WASH services, to help communities recover with dignity.

In 2024, GPC implemented humanitarian assistance operations in 18 countries, reaching over 500,000 vulnerable individuals. These efforts provided life-saving support, strengthened community resilience, and promoted long-term recovery. Additionally, GPC carried out strategic initiatives aligned with the Humanitarian-Development-Peace (HDP) Nexus, supporting refugee camps, strengthening local resilience, and promoting long-term stability through disaster risk reduction and livelihood programs. GPC extends its assistance beyond its usual Partnership Countries to include non-Partnership Countries such as Palestine, Morocco, and Libya to deliver assistance to those in dire need.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 1 - Organization and Programs, Continued

Program Services, Continued

Social Economy Consultation - The Social Economy Consultation program is designed to strengthen the industry value chain and enhance the economic capabilities of producers by increasing productivity through the provision of financial services to marginalized groups and cooperatives without guarantees. The program expands financial access for the marginalized and aims to create social value by promoting solidarity among cooperatives, financial service institutions, and social enterprises. Additionally, the program lays the groundwork for scaling the social and economic impact of validated business models. Microfinance continues to provide ongoing support to ensure the seamless progression of cooperative activities.

Fundraising program - GPC operates fundraising programs in 7 Core Alliance Countries worldwide (South Korea, the United States, Japan, Taiwan, Canada, Australia, and the United Kingdom). GPC collaborates with Core Alliance Countries to enhance the visibility of the organization's brand and unified fundraising strategies. In 2024, GPC facilitated strategic partnerships between Core-Alliance Countries and Partnership Countries to strengthen fundraising efforts and advance global marketing initiatives. These initiatives are designed to support the GN Alliance's global goals through international development, emergency relief, and humanitarian aid programs.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of the significant accounting policies of GPC is presented to assist in understanding GPC's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of GPC's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Estimates are primarily used for the allocation of functional expenses, depreciation, pension assets, and pension obligations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Measure of Operations

The GPC's measure of operations as presented in the statements of activities includes operating revenues from general funds and government grants. The measure of operations includes support for operating activities from both donor-restricted and without donor restrictions sources. Non-operating activities primarily include interest income and gain and loss on foreign currency transactions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Revenue Recognition

General funds and government grants are recorded as net assets without donor restriction and net assets with donor restriction, depending on the nature of the restrictions.

General funds and government grants, which include cash or unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue when they are received. Unconditional promises to give are recorded at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the cash is received or when the conditions expire, whichever occurs first.

Donor restricted funds are reported as an increase in the donor-restricted net asset if they are received with donor stipulations as to their use. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated use restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restriction are released and reclassified to net assets without donor restriction in the statements of activities. GPC has implemented the policy to show general funds and government grants whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period as without donor restrictions.

Functional Expenses

GPC allocates expenses on a functional basis among its various program expenses and supporting services. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or supporting service are charged directly to such program or supporting services.

Certain costs of joint activities related to fundraising, management and general, and various projects have been allocated as indicated among the programs and supporting services benefited. In its statements of activities and functional expenses, GPC classifies such costs allocated to the programs as indirect program expenses. Other expenses allocated to support services are included in management and general expenses based on the nature of the related activities.

In 2024, GPC's method of allocating program expenses reflects the specific activities of its programs and services accurately, in line with alterations to the organizational business structure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents.

GPC considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be categorized as cash and cash equivalents. GPC's cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits and money market account at financial institutions.

Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of certificates of deposit and the maturities of these investments do not exceed one year. Certificates of deposit approximate fair value, based on estimates using current market rates offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of the value established in the donation and the market value. Appropriate consideration is given to obsolescence, slow-moving items, the competitiveness of product offerings, market conditions, and other factors in evaluating the net realizable value. There was no allowance for inventory valuation as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on property and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, generally, five years for automobiles and forty years for building, using principally the straight-line method. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Expenditures that increase the value or productive capacity of assets are capitalized. When property and equipment are retired, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the asset's carrying amount and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is recorded as a component of other income or expenses in the accompanying statements of activities.

Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the assets to the future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less selling expenses.

Management determined that no impairment of long-lived assets existed as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Lease

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, *Leases* (Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842), which amended prior accounting standards for leases. GPC adopted Topic 842 on January 1, 2022. After the adoption of ASC 842, at the inception of an arrangement, GPC determines whether the arrangement is or contains a lease based on the facts and circumstances present. Leases are classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statements of activities. At the lease commencement date, operating and finance lease liabilities and their corresponding Right-of-use assets are recorded based on the present value of lease payments over the expected lease term. The interest rate implicit in lease contracts is typically not readily determinable and, as such, GPC uses a risk-free discount rate published by U.S. Treasury. Certain adjustments to the ROU asset may be required for items such as incentives received. GPC made an accounting policy election to not record leases with an initial term of 12 months or less on the statements of financial positions.

Income Taxes

GPC is a not-for-profit organization and is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The donor of cash or property is entitled to the maximum charitable contribution deduction allowed by law and contributions to GPC qualify for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A).

GPC has adopted ASC Section 740-10, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. ASC 740-10 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC 740-10 requires that an organization recognize in the financial statements the impact of the tax position if that position will more likely than not be sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, GPC had no material unrecognized tax benefits, tax penalties, or interest.

GPC's Federal form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Taxes, for the year ended December 31, 2021 through 2023 are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed. The California form 199, California Exempt Organization Annual Information Return, for the year ended December 31, 2020, which in the year of incorporation, through 2023 are subject to examination by the Franchise Tax Board, generally for four years after they were filed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

ASC 820 establishes a framework for measuring fair value as it relates to financial assets and liabilities and to nonfinancial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. That framework provides a three-level valuation hierarchy based upon observable and unobservable inputs, with preference given to observable inputs. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the ASC 820 are described below:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the plan has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include (i) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; (ii) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; (iii) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; (iv) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The GPC's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, other receivables, accounts payable, and payroll tax payables are carried at cost, which approximates their fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. Long-term debt issued in 2022 was recorded at fair value upon issuance and approximated fair values as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, based on discounted cash flow analysis.

Recent Pronouncements

GPC has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and that may impact its financial statements and does not believe that there are any other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 3 - Net Assets

GPC presents its financial statements in accordance with the recommendation of FASB ASC Topic 958, Financial Statements of Not-for-profit entities. Under those provisions, net assets are classified based on the absence or existence and nature of donor-imposed restrictions as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions on their use that may be met either by actions of a not-for-profit entity or legal restrictions requiring that the principal be maintained permanently by the not-for-profit entity. Generally, the donors permit the not-for-profit entity to use all or part of the income earned for either general or donor-specified purposes.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, total donor restrictions were \$1,462,552 and \$0, respectively, on its net assets.

Note 4 – Property and Equipment

	2024			2023
Land	\$	900,000	\$	900,000
Building and improvement	Ψ	600,599	Ψ	600,599
Automobiles		5,201		5,201
		1,505,800		1,505,800
Less: accumulated depreciation		(38,723)		(22,246)
Property and equipment, net	\$	1,467,077	\$	1,483,554

Depreciation expenses were \$16,477 and \$16,434, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note 5 — Loan Payable

GPC entered into a loan agreement on October 6, 2022 with Open Bank for a seven-year amortizing term loan for \$910,000. The loan has monthly installment payments of \$5,311 with interest on the unpaid principal balances at the annual rate of 4.9% per annum commencing on November 15, 2022 through October 2027. 23 monthly installment payments of \$6,060 with interest on the unpaid principal balances at a variable rate based on the prime rate from Wall Street Journal plus a margin of 0.25% will continue to be paid from November 15, 2027 through October 2029 until the remaining payment of approximately \$759,000 plus any accrued interest is due upon maturity.

The loan payable is secured by GPC's land and building. The loan payable contains certain covenants, and in management's opinion, GPC is in compliance with the covenants as of December 31, 2024.

Total interest expenses were \$43,707 and \$44,557, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions

Revenue

GPC unifies the funds from its affiliates in support countries to coordinate with GN partners. In order to enhance GN mission, affiliates in support countries develop and implement the fundraising, grants, and global marketing strategy. Such balances and transactions included in the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

	2024	2023	
GN Korea:			
General fund	\$ 65,059,471	\$ 67,185,617	
Government grants	3,266,753	4,451,930	
Total GN Korea	68,326,224	71,637,547	
GN Global Impact Foundation:			
General fund	223,206	41,444	
Government grants	1,022,435	744,648	
Total GN Global Impact Foundation	1,245,641	786,092	
CN 1-v-v			
GN Japan: General fund	657 526	E3E 000	
	657,526	525,888	
Government grants	445,840 1,103,366	958,104	
Total GN Japan	1,103,300	1,483,992	
GN Taiwan:			
General fund	383,534	351,759	
Government grants	51,456	84,117	
Total GN Taiwan	434,990	435,876	
Total GIV Talwall		133,070	
GN USA:			
General fund	893,298	820,288	
Government grants	36,500	-	
Total GN USA	929,798	820,288	
GN Canada:			
General fund	122,567	79,647	
Government grants	31,911		
Total GN Canada	154,478	79,647	
GN Australia:			
General fund	69,445	68,045	
CNILIK			
GN UK:		24 040	
General fund		21,019	
Total revenue	¢ 72.262.042	¢ 75 222 506	
rotar revenue	\$ 72,263,942	\$ 75,332,506	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions, Continued

Program Expenses

GPC distributes financial remittances for the general fund to its affiliates in field countries according to the GN partnership covenant and MOU. Affiliates in global offices are committed to the development of staff in GN partnership offices, the representation of GN to UN organizations or other international entities, and the establishment of social-economic projects. Affiliates in fundraising country and field offices support human rights and social welfare for children's rights under GN partnership policy. Such balances and transactions included in the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

	2024		2023	
International Child Rights Support:				
Africa:				
GN Tanzania	\$	2,674,200	\$	2,430,311
GN Ethiopia		2,490,835		2,487,164
GN Malawi		2,228,243		2,476,029
GN Rwanda		4,527,665		3,123,560
GN Kenya		2,366,519		3,049,014
GN Uganda		2,376,813		2,853,267
GN Chad		678,743		1,056,124
GN Zambia		1,593,610		1,314,862
GN Mozambique		1,360,033		1,654,527
GN Cameroon		1,348,155		1,266,447
GN Niger		1,103,364		991,623
GN Ghana		42,417		279,434
GN South Sudan		54,900		59,718
GN Burundi		100,000		55,000
GN Madagascar		53,735		58,197
Total Africa		22,999,232		23,155,277
Eastern Asia:				
GN Cambodia		3,080,706		4,245,027
GN Vietnam		2,384,547		3,742,503
GN Indonesia		1,809,073		2,925,151
GN Myanmar		1,499,031		1,772,160
GN Mongolia		2,544,145		2,667,158
GN Philippines		2,692,906		2,524,815
GN Laos		1,201,172		937,724
GN Thailand		523,829		767,154
GN China		30,000		40,000
GN Korea		42,000		999,936
Total Eastern Asia		15,807,409		20,621,628

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions, Continued

Program Expenses, Continued

Western Asia: GN Bangladesh GN Tajikistan GN Nepal GN Afghanistan GN India GN Sri Lanka GN Kyrgyz Republic GN Uzbekistan GN Pakistan	3,679,389 2,064,705 3,001,282 14,630 768,804 442,366 2,747,666	4,334,725 2,166,644 3,965,516 470,277 332,535 603,428 2,760,948 11,617 106,536
GN Jordan	130,282	607,601
Total Western Asia	13,172,462	15,359,827
Europe:		
Geneva International Cooperation Office	287,564	136,462
GN Ukraine	-	17,600
GN Romania	304,898	740,351
Total Europe	592,462	894,413
Latin America:		
GN Guatemala	2,448,648	3,628,227
GN Paraguay	1,083,193	1,628,401
GN Dominica Republic	1,561,441	1,317,902
GN Nicaragua	1,424,477	1,514,333
GN Haiti	29,271	142,202
GN Chile	446,542	445,000
GN El Salvador	786,884	984,298
GN Mexico	408,870	337,477
Total Latin America	8,189,326	9,997,840
Total international child rights support	\$ 60,760,891	\$ 70,028,985

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions, Continued

Program Expenses, Continued

	 2024	 2023
Emergency Relief / Humanitarian Assistance: GN Ethiopia GN Kenya GN Uganda GN Ukraine GN Türkiye	\$ - - 54,615 547,102	\$ 229,459 306,293 128,943 -
Total emergency relief / humanitarian assistance	\$ 601,717	\$ 664,695
Social Economy Consultation:	 2024	 2023
GN Global Impact Foundation	\$ 1,842,330	\$ 1,844,388
Total social economy consultation	\$ 1,842,330	\$ 1,844,388
Fundraising Cupports	 2024	 2023
Fundraising Support: GN USA GN Japan GN Canada GN Australia GN UK GN Taiwan	\$ 638,432 31,338 534,468 400,534 300,310 400,680	\$ 500,528 - 363,215 400,000 302,831 350,000
Total fundraising support	\$ \$2,305,762	\$ \$1,916,574

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions, Continued

Leases As Lessee

GPC entered into various lease agreements for its office spaces with GN USA (related to GPC through a common partnership) on October 1, 2019. In the year 2023, the organization opted to diminish office lease agreements, as a cost-saving measure. The remaining lease was on a month-to-month basis. Total rent expenses under the related party lease were \$15,237 and \$19,426 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

GPC's Korea branch renewed its office lease agreement with GN International in September 2023 and entered into an additional office lease agreement in April 2024. Total rent expenses under the related party leases were \$69,636 and \$57,771 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Future minimum lease commitments for the GPC's operating lease commitments having initial or remaining terms in excess of one year are as follows:

Years ending December 31		Amount
2025	_\$	49,411
Total future lease payments		49,411
Less: present value discount		(604)
Operating lease liabilities	-	48,807
Less: short-term lease liabilities		(48,807)
Long-term lease liabilities	\$	-

Lease As Lessor

GPC leased premises under an operating lease agreement that has an initial term of 13 months commencing on December 1, 2022, which contains options to extend or renew the lease before the expiration date. The lease was renewed on a month-to-month basis after the initial term. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, rental incomes were \$102,000 and \$102,000 respectively under the related party lease and were included as other income in the accompanying statements of activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 7 - Employee Benefit Plan

GPC's branch in Korea maintains a defined benefit pension plan (the "DB Plan"). The DB Plan was the first effective in January 2019 in Korea and covers Korea branch employees of the GPC who have been hired for over one year. The primary factors affecting the benefits earned by participants in the plan are employees' years of service and compensation levels. Upon retirement, benefits are fully paid at the time of retirement.

At December 31, 2024, and 2023, the DB Plan's projected benefit obligations were \$735,128 and \$472,265 with the fair value of the plan assets of \$819,629 and \$546,016, leaving the plan assets with amounts of \$84,501 and \$73,751. Total contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were approximately \$163,945 and \$8,615, respectively.

Note 8 - Concentration of Credit Risk

GPC maintains its cash accounts and certificates of deposit with high-quality insured depository financial institutions, which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) up to \$250,000 at each institution. At various times throughout the year, GPC may have cash balances in financial institutions that exceed the FDIC insurance limit. As of December 31, 2024, and 2023, the GPC's cash balances exceeding the maximum insured amount totaled \$15,148,154 and \$10,102,511, respectively.

A significant portion of GPC's revenue is concentrated on affiliate members of GN partners. Although GPC is directly affected by the financial condition of its GN partners, GPC does not expect significant credit risks to exist on their financial position, results of operation, or liquidity on December 31, 2024, and expects to maintain this relationship with GN partners.

Note 9 - Availability of Financial Assets

GPC's financial assets available within one year of December 31, 2024 and 2023 for general expenditure are as follows:

Current assets	 2024	2023				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,243,201	\$	8,459,306			
Other receivables	17,000		52,393			
Short-term investments	-		3,026,813			

As part of the GPC's liquidity management practices, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due.

Note 10 - Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Litigation</u>

In the normal course of business, GPC is involved in various litigation matters. Management has reviewed all claims and possible litigation against GPC with the outside legal counsel and has taken into consideration the views of such counsel as to the outcome of these claims. Management believes that the outcomes of such matters will not have a material effect on the results of operations or the financial position of GPC. As of December 31, 2024, GPC did not have any pending legal actions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2024 and 2023

Note 11 - Functional Expenses

	Program expenses Program expenses											Supp	ort services					
	Emergency relief / Humanitarian assistance Social economy consultation		Fundraising countries support		International child rights support		Global partnership development		Program expenses subtotal		Mnagement and general		Total expense 2024		Total expense 2023			
Program support	\$	808,516	\$	1,842,330	\$	2,305,762	\$	60,760,891	\$	-	\$	65,717,499	\$	-	\$	65,717,499	\$	76,103,848
Global strategy development		-		-		-		-		34,949		34,949		-		34,949		89,779
Coordination for global governance		-		-		-		-		18,616		18,616		-		18,616		24,096
Partnership countries support		-		-		-		-		16,210		16,210		-		16,210		59,763
Global marketing		-		-		-		-		26,410		26,410		-		26,410		1,783
Network		-		-		-		-		55,301		55,301		-		55,301		8,771
Auto expenses		-		-		-		-		-		-		19,321		19,321		18,363
Bank charges & fees		-		-		-		-		-		-		378		378		217
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		-		-		16,476		16,476		16,434
Dues & subscriptions		-		-		-		-		-		-		8,028		8,028		4,298
Employee benefits		-		-		-		-		-		-		229,208		229,208		120,148
Insurance		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,794		4,794		73,558
Lease		-		-		-		-		-		-		84,873		84,873		77,197
Maintenance & repair		-		-		-		-		-		-		13,793		13,793		5,022
Miscellaneous expenses		-		-		-		-		-		-		24,385		24,385		13,011
Payroll expenses		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,769,815		1,769,815		1,024,315
Postage and shipping		-		-		-		-		-		-		297		297		769
Printing and copying		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,985		3,985		4,202
Professional fees		-		-		-		-		-		-		60,706		60,706		51,972
Supplies & materials		-		-		-		-		-		-		20,141		20,141		18,496
Travel & meeting expenses		-		-		-		-		-		-		141,221		141,221		26,177
Utilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,064		7,064		4,075
Total expenses after allocation	\$	808,516	\$	1,842,330	\$	2,305,762	\$	60,760,891	\$	151,486	\$	65,868,985	\$	2,404,485	\$	68,273,470	\$	77,746,294

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

GPC has evaluated subsequent events through April 17, 2025, the date at which the financial statements were available to be issued and determined that there are no subsequent events that require disclosure.